E

e (oe) 米 husk, turn a hand-mill, grind (into flour)

E (oe) 推, 以—手推之* rub against or hook with elbows in passing, to elbow, to sideswipe, to jostle

Toh-teng e te-poe e lōh-khà thò-kha. 桌上的一杯茶杯推到在地上午上。

Knocked the tea cup off the table top onto floor with his elbow

E (oe) 拉, 拿 (弦樂器) play (string instruments) with bow

E (oe) 锅 a cooking pot

e (oe) 亜 short (person), dwarf

E 后, 后 - posteriority, descendants

Ho-ë 后 - posteriority, descendants

e 的 possessive particle, classifier for persons, one (e.g., good one, this one, that one)

e (oe) 軲 shoes, footwear

Chùt siang ē 一 鞋子 a pair of shoes

E (bè) 会 to express simple future

(There is no idea of intention or desire connected with its usage as there is with the verbs "boeh" and "ai").

Li khòa, kin-nà-jit e lōh-hô bê? 你去看看，今天下大雨嗎？Do you think it will rain today?

Nā án-ni kông, ē khah hô thia. 如果我這樣講，會好膽一 點。It would sound better to say it in this way.

Li nā lâm-sâm chìch, ē lau-sài. 你只要是有 亂吃，會拉肚肚子。If you eat any old thing you will get the runs.

E (bè) 会 to express interior, inherent or innate capacity or incapacity, a permanent capacity or incapacity, frequently translated in English by "does" or "does not"

Chít chiaih chiau-ā ē poe, tân-sī chôt-má bē-tang poe. 這隻鳥會飛，但是 會飛 أحمد It flies, but it cannot fly now (because it is in a cage).

Chít chiaih kâu ē kā lâng, tân-sī chôt-má be-tang khù kā lâng. 這隻狗會咬人，但是 會咬 在在不，能去咬得 人。This dog bites people, but now

He can not go and bite people (because he is tied up).

Niau ē kâ niâu-chhî, kâu ē kòe mnég. 狗會捉老鼠，狗會看門。Cats catch rats, dogs watch the door.

Chhun-thï nā kâu, ho e khu. 春天天一個到，花會開。Flowers bloom in the spring. (It's their nature to do so).

Chiau-ā ē poe, hë e sûu. 鳥會飛，魚會水。The inherent permanent capacity or inclination of something (Lit. "Birds gotta fly, fish gotta swim.")

E 會 is used with undesirable qualities or an unpleasant or disagreeable condition of the body

Chîm-mâ. Li ē âi khòn bê? 現在在你想要睡嗎？Are you sleepy now?

Lî ē thâu-khâk ē thia* bê? 你 的頭會痛嗎？Do you have a head-ache?

Gôa chang-âm chin kôa, ē kôa* bê? 昨晚我頭很冷，你 會冷嗎？I was very cold last night, were you?

E (hô) 災 calamity, disaster, misfortune, evil

E 下 below, under, lower, inferior, next

E-(plus verb)-tit 可吃，能 eat expresses possibility and is equivalent to the adjectival suffix "able" as in perishable or "ible" as in edible. The negative is "be+verb +tit". The tone of the enclitic "tit" changes to the third tone and the verb before this enclitic does not change its tone.

E-chiâh-tit 可以吃，的的 can be eaten, edible

E-chò-tit 可以做，的的 can be done, It's okay to do it.

Lî ē kî-tit bê? 你記得住嗎？Do you remember?

E-êng-tit bê? 可行以嗎？可使用嗎？Is it okay? Can it be used?

c-ā 侏儒，在矮子 a dwarf

c-bí (c-chhehk) 糯米米的 husk rice

c-bì-chhîu 糯米米的 rice-husking mill

e-bí-ki 糯米米的 rice-husking machine

e-bín 下下下下 below, under, beneath, underneath, the following

e-bín 鞋子 vamp, uppers of shoe

e-bín-ā 鞋子刷子 shoe brush

e-bô (oe-bô) 推磨 turn a hand-mill
e-chăn 下層: lower stratum, layer or deck, low ranking

e-chăn-sia-héc 下層階: social class, lower stratum of society

e-chhek 米穀: husk rice

e-chhûi (bê-chhûi, hê-chhûi) 買手: buyer, an inferior attendant, helper or assistant

Chit keng chhûi sîu' boch bê, mû-kû chhoe bô e-chhûi. 這間房是子想你要賣, 可是因我不及你的買手, 我不想變生意, 但是手不能幫我。I want to sell this house, but I can not find any buyers.

e-chhûi 助手: assistant

e-chhûi-sût-tit 可手可術的: operable

e-chhûi 下次: next time

e-chhût-tit 做得到: able to, can

ê chhông khoi chhut 祸是從口出: The mouth is the primary source of calamities (literally) — Careless talk may land one in trouble.

ê chhông thian kàng 祸是從天降: an unexpected disaster (Lit. A calamity descended from the sky.)

ê-chhûi-gân 看得上眼: to look at and find pleasing

ê-chhûi-á 鞋墊: shoe-pad

ê-chù-i tit 能做主的: can decide for himself

ê-chù-tít-ti 能做主的: can decide for himself

e-c kheh-kheh 擁擠: crowded, 壓肩接踵: jostling and pushing each other out of the way, very crowded

ê-ĉeng-tit 可以用的: can be used, ok, useful or serviceable

ê-hái (ê-hoái, ê-tâu, ê-kok) 下巴: lower jaw

ê-hak-ki 下学期: next semester

ê-ham 下巴: lower jaw, chin

e-hián-á 拉胡琴: play a Chinese fiddle

e-hiau 會, 思: expresses the idea "can" in the sense of "know how to". The negative is "be-hiau".

Chit kù ê i-su' góa ê-hiau. 這句句的: i mean. I know the meaning of this sentence.

Lí ê-hiau-sài-chhia bê? 你可開車嗎? Can you (Do you know how to)

drive a car?

Góa ê-hiau kông Tâi-oan-ôe. 我會講: I can speak Taiwanese.

ê-hiau thu-chîh, bê-hiau chhit-chhùi. 做得: 做得: I can do, do. 會做: I can make, do. He knows how to steal food to eat, but he doesn’t know how to wipe his mouth, too dumb to get rid of the traces of his crime.

ê-hng 今夜: tonight

ê-hng-u: 晚上: evening time, night fall

ê-hôai 下顎: lower jaw

ê-hôe 下回: next time

ê-iän 下一代: next generation, the lower layer (e.g., of a layer cake)

ê-io 下腹: part of the body just below the waist

lám ê-io 捲下腹: seize by the waist so as to throw an opponent down

ê-iông-tit 可用的: can be used, be ok, useful or serviceable

ê-iu 鞋油: shoe polish

ê-kái (au-kái) 下屆: nest (term, election)

ê-kàng-bê 會工: to work, do. 會工: do you know how to do this work or not?

ê-kâu 哑吧: mute

ê-kâu-ê 哑吧: a mute person

ê-kâu-ê hô phang tên-tiôñ 哑吧吃: 黃人: mute is speechless or not allowed to complain after suffering a loss or being unjustly blamed (Lit. a mute is stung by a bee)

ê-kâu-ê teh-sí kia (bô oć thang kêng) 哑吧吃: 死: 自己死的: child: (無話可説) to be in a bad situation but unable to explain oneself, to be perplexed (Lit. a mute crushes his child)

ê-kâu-hù 哑吧: a pantomime (show)

ê-kha 下肢: leg, 下肢: lower part, below

ê-kham 下肢: lower part (as in fields on a hill-side)

tên-kham 上肢: upper part

ê-kham-tit 值得: worthy of, able to bear or to hold

ê-khô-tit 靠得住: dependable, can be
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>e kho' ke</th>
<th>year</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>trusted, reliable</td>
<td>c-poə-seng-li</td>
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<tr>
<td>e kho' ke, bê pùn hóc</td>
<td>c-poə-sin</td>
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<td>fêng dê nêng hôi</td>
<td>c-poə-tang</td>
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<td>de há 25</td>
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<td>(c) ho</td>
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<td>c-sai-tit</td>
<td>c-sai-tit káa sin</td>
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<td>c-sè</td>
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**Bo-lun chôm-simh, seng-khu e-sè c lâng lóng u khah su-bin.** 無論你做什么事，都比吃。 No matter what, short people always have a more difficult time.

**E se-tit káa sin, bê se-tit káa sim.** 可是你在生時，難道生時要心痛。 You can give birth to the child’s body, but not to his heart.

**céng 賣手(功) will succeed**

**céng-tit 條省省 economize**

**Lôh-á-chi kâm ho lí céng-tit?** 奧錢，你手能省嗎？Is it a good idea for you to economize on money for medicine?

**cé-si 腹臍部, 腹下士 lower officials**

**cé-si 的時侯 when, while**

**Góa teh bô-éng cé-si...** 我在忙時，時侯我... When I am (was) busy...

**I teh thák-chheh cé-si...** 他在在讀書的時侯... While he is in class...

**cé-si cé-oah 會死，會活的時侯 very serious, to importune desperately**

**cé-sin 下士身下 lower part of the body**

**cé-sio-thê-khém 琴, 小提琴, 琵琶 play a violin**

**cé-tang 能，expresses physical or moral possibility**

**cé-tang 下士一節是的時侯物，下士一年是 next harvest, next year, fall harvest (generally the tenth month rice harvest)**

**cé-tat-tit bê? 你不知值不值得？Is it worth it?**

**cé-tâu (chhùi-cé-tâu) 下士樂，下士巴 the chin**

**cé-tâu 下士早 early afternoon**
è-tè 趾底, sole of a shoe
è-te 下, bottom, beneath, below, under, underneath
è-tè-sa 内衣, undershirt, underwear
è-thán 盈利的, profitable (work, investment)
è-thầu 趾头, toe of a shoe
è-thâu 下端, lower or inferior part, the southern district (part)
è-the 後代, next generations
è-the-á 幼輩, younger generation
è-thia 痛苦的, painful, pained, feeling pain
è-thò 鞋套, overshoe
è-thúi 小腿, lower leg
è-tiâm 鞋店, shoe shop
è-tióh 出中, can get, can attain
è-tióh (oe-tióh) 撞到, to hit or rub against with elbow or arm in passing, to jostle.
è-tióh hoe-kan soah kông-phóa khá. 花瓶被我打翻倒了, 撞到, hit the flower vase with my elbow and broke it.
è-tit-koc 說得去的, fairly well off (person)
è-tit thang 可..., able to..., it can be...
è-tó-khù 撞倒, knock down by jostling
è-tó-láng 會傳染的, infectious
è-tòa 鞋带, shoestring
è-tòa pak 鞋带, tie one's shoes
è-tòa thau 鞋帶, untie one's shoes
è-tóh 會燃, can burn, enkindle or set on fire
è-tuh-tuh 很短的, very short (in stature)
è-ù 打哈欠, yawn
è-ùn 下唇, the lower lip
è-ùn 後輩, one generation lower in genealogical table
è-chít 進小, one generation further from the common ancestor
è-chít 巴, infant, baby
è-chít (i-á) 孩子, infant, baby
è-chít 植物, infant, baby
è-chít (i-á) 植株, a beam, rafter
è-chít eh-an exclamation, very similar to the English "Hey".
è-chít Eh! 来一下, Hey, come here a minute.
è-chít Eh! 不要講, Hey, don't tell anyone.
è-chít phah-eh (phah-èh) 謝謝, belch
è-chít phah chhâu-sng-eh 打酸嘔, belch, leaving a sour taste or bringing up a little sour bad-smelling stuff
è-chít狭窄, narrow
è-chít eh-chi-chi 很窄, very narrow
è-chít Hit téng bìn-chhùng nā khun sa _CHARSET_ ē láng tó eh-chi-chi a. 那張床, 他睡著, 很窄, very narrow, That bed is very narrow for three people to sleep on.
è-chít eh-chh-keh-keh 擠塞, crowded, pushed and squeezed together
è-chít Châu-kha nā khah tāo-keng chít-sut-á, khah bē ngā e làng chiu eh-chh-keh-keh. 廚房如果大一個點, 就會不, It would be so crowded for two people.
è-chít eh-sng 喝酸嘔, belch up sour stuff
eh-un 恶運, bad luck, misfortune
èk 益, benefit, profit, advantage, add to, more
èk 流聚, flow over, brim over, excessive, bring up
èk 億, a hundred million
èk 患病, in difficulty, distressed, impeded
èk 液, fluids, liquids
èk (iök) 洗, bathe
èk sêk 洗澡, bathe
èk 訳, translate
èk ho-an-èk 翻譯, translate, translation
èk 疫病, an epidemic, a plague, pestilence
bián-ék 免疫, -immunize, immunize
un-ék 瘟疫, epidemic, plague
ék (i or 꽀 means "easy") 易, - exchange, to barter, to change (places, jobs, owners)
bo-ék 易, - trade
ék-biāu 疫苗, - vaccine
ék-būn 譯文, translated texts
Ekk-chek-khek-ní (Chek.) 厄, -; 克而耳, - (則)
Ezechiel (Catholic)
ék-chèng -疫, - an epidemic
ék-cheng-hák -疫, -ology
ék-chhiah-sng 滋, -; 毒, -; 毒, -; belch with sour stomach
ék-chhù 易; 手, - change hands
ék-chhù (hó-chhù) 益, -; erte; advantage
Li án-ne cho, ú sim-mih ek-chhù (hó-chhù)? 你這様一本, 有什麼益, - (好處)? What advantage will it be to do so?
ék-chhùt (bóan-chhùt) 滋, -; 出; brim over, to overflow
ék-chtía (hoan-ék-chtía) 翻譯; -; translator
ék-chò 譯; 做, -; translate into
ék-chò 洗; 浴, -; bathtub
ék-chú 易; 主, - change owners or masters
ék-chú 譯; 註, -; translate and annotate
ék-chú 滋; -; belch up a bit of gastric juice
ék-hóa 液化; liquefaction, liquefy
Ek-hut-só Su (Hut.) 厄, -; 所和書; (弗)
Epistle of Paul to the Ephesians (Catholic)
ék-im 譯; -; sound transcription
ék-ing 易, -; disguise
ék-ing-sut 易, -; 含, -; art of disguise
ék-jián 亦然; -; also, too, similarly
Ék-keng 易, -; 经; the Book of Changes
ék-keng-á 浴, -; bathroom
ék-kin 浴巾; -; bath towel
ék-leng 滋, -; 奶, -; 母奶; milk (as a baby)
ék-má 譯; 本; translated name
Ek-ôa 厄, -; Eve (Catholic)
ék-phùn 浴, -; bathtub
ék-pún 譯; 本; translated version (of a book)
ék-sek (ék-keng, se-ék-keng) 浴室, -; 洗澡, -; bathroom
ék-siu 滋, -; 收, -; earn more than planned
ék-siu 易, -;寿, -; lengthen one's life
ek-sng (ék-chhiah-sng) 咸, -; 酸, -; 吐, -; 酸, -; bring up a little stomach acid, belch up sour stuff
Ek-su-tek-la siông, hâ (Ek. siông, hâ) 厄, -; 斯德拉, -; 下; (厄, -; 下)
1, 2 Esdras (Catholic)
ek-thán 浴, -; bathtub
ék-thè 液, -; liquids
ék-thè chêng-lék-hák 液, -; 静, -; 力, -; 学, -; hydrostatics
ék-thè tôn-lék-hák 液, -; 静, -; 力, -; 学, -; hydrodynamics
ék-thiông 益, -; 蟲, -; beneficial insects
ék-ô 浴; -; large bath (as at a hot spring)
ek-ôn (chûn) 厄, -; 运, -; bad luck
eng (c*) 婴, -; infant, baby
eng 英; surpassing, outstanding, prominent, fine, distinguished, fine, handsome, English
eng 鳥; greenfinch, Chinese oriole
eng 鷲; parrot
eng 妖; 物, -; 眼, -; 眼; 晴, -; 飞, -; 扬, -; put dust or ashes on (something), flying dust, raise dust, dusty
eng-tiôh bak-chhù 擦; 體; 了; 眼; 晴; dust get in the eyes
phông-phông-eng 塵; 土; 飞, -; 扬; flying about in great quantities (as dust)
Gôa-bìn chin eng 外; 面; 塵; 土; 飞; 扬; It is very dusty outside.
êng 永; -; long (in time), everlasting, eternal, permanent
êng (á) 影; -; shadow, in image, reflection
êng (lông) 浪; -; waves
hái-êng 海; 浪; -; waves, billow
hông-êng 風; 浪; -; wind and waves, storm
êng 应; should, ought to, respond to, to answer, react to, assent to
hoan-êng 反; -; reaction, counteraaction, response
tah-êng 答; -; promise verbally
êng (hân) 閒; 閒; leisure, spare time
êng 荣; glory, honor, luxuriant, lush, teeming, splendid, flourishing, prosperous
êng 管; -; manage, administer, to handle
chhi-êng 市; -; municipal, management
éng (tòng) 用作 use, spend, with (an instrument)

Eng pát-lăng ē kũn-thâu-bó chêng chiôh-sai. 用它別人的衣服,頭上打石獅。損人利己, 懷人之恩, 世之概况。benefit oneself (get a free ride) at the expense of another, be generous at another’s expense, rob Peter to pay Paul

éng sa-á-ki phè 用作衣、服的下下, 擋著兜 carry some something in the fold of one’s dress

éng sio àng-äng ē thih ụ 用作燒紅的的鐵烙 make the iron-red-hot and burn with it (to make a hole or mark)

éng tek-á sut 用作竹子+子+拍打 beat or switch with a thin bamboo

éng téng-á téng 用作戰+子+戰+以 weigh with a small steelyard

eng-a 鷹 eagle, falcon, a hawk
eng-a 獲 abscess
eng-a-oì 間話, digression, gossip
eng-a-phí (eng-ko-phí) 鷹鼻 hawk-nosed
eng-âm 今+晚+今+tonight
eng-an 永安 eternal peace
eng-bèng 英名+名+名+名+time+地+have one’s great name tarnished or spoiled
eng-bèng 英明+intelligent (said of leaders), wise, perspicacious

Eng-bí 英美 Britain and America, Anglo-American
eng-bín 永+眠+die
eng-bín 老民+retired servicemen, veterans
eng-bín pè-ê 老民+民+醫院+ veterans’ hospital
eng-bó-kàu 用+夠+用+用+insufficient for use
eng-bó 英高+acre
eng-bù 英武+brave and strong, gallant, valorous
eng-bù-chú-keng 永+無+止+境+forever and ever, have no limit or boundary
eng bù-lêk 用+武+力+employ forcible means
eng bù lêng-jit 永+無+寧+日+We will never have peace.

Eng-bùn 英文+written English language
Eng-bùn bùn-boat 英文+文法+English

grammar

eng-cháí 英才+person of outstanding ability
eng-chêng 應徵+respond to a want advertisement
eng-chhài 烏菜+空心菜+water spinach, water convolvulus
eng-chhái 應市+go on the market, be put on the market, be offered for sale
eng-chhái (eng-khó) 應試+應考+participate in an examination, sit for an examination
eng-chhóih 英+尾+a foot (as a measure of length)
eng-chhùi chá-khuí 用+手+推+去+走, 用+手+頂+去+走+carry away on the open palm, a sharp pushing blow delivered with the open palm(s) (Chinese boxing)

eng-chhùi gê ke-kha 閒+著+走+啃+雞+腳+nothing to do but lick chicken bones

Bố thâu-bó ëng-chhùi gê ke-kha bông khai-käng, 沒工+作+閒+著+走+啃+雞+腳+闲来聊天。Out of a job and nothing to do but stand around and talk.

eng-chhùn 英+子+inch
eng-chî+ (eng ellen) 餘+錢+spare money, idle money
eng-chián 應戰+accept a challenge, meet the enemy on the battlefield
eng-chiap 應接+receive (visitors or customers)

eng-chô 英造+construct, build
eng-chô-chhîu+ (eng-chô-sông) 英造+廠+construction; 英造+商+construction firm, building contractor

eng-chông iâu-chô 英宗+耀+祖+bring glory to one’s family and ancestors

eng-chu 英+姿+a dashing appearance
eng-chû 英+住+permanent residence
eng-chún 英+俊+handsome (male)
eng-chûn 永+住+remain forever

eng-êk (eng-iát) 永+逸+be at ease and free from trouble forever

eng-êng 往+住+oftentimes, frequently

Eng-êng lông sì hō lăng tâu-bé-tiôh ë. 往+住+都+是+讓+人+到+不到+的+的+的+的+的。Oftentimes we can’t imagine how a lot of things would happen.

eng-êng 閑+著+at leisure
Eng-ji

Góa ēng-ēng. 我昨晚著了。I am free. I have nothing to do.

chù ēng-ēng (khang-chhù) 空屋 × vacant house

pəng-kəng ēng-ēng (khang-kəng) 空房 × a vacant room

Eng-ji 英·語· (spoken) English language

éng-giam 應·現· come true (prophecies, expectations), be fulfilled

éng-giap 督·業· engage in business, business operation

éng-giap-chiàu 督·業·執·照· business license

éng-giap-huí 督·業·費· business expenses, operating costs

éng-giap-nú-tô 督·業·年·度· a fiscal year

éng-giap-pó-kó 督·業·報·告· business reports

éng-giap-sí-kan 督·業·時·間· business hours

éng-giap-só 督·業·所· place of business

éng-giap-soe 督·業·税· business tax

eng-hài (eng-jí) 嬰·孩· 嬰·兒· baby, infant

Eng-Hàn-ji-tián 英·漢·字·典· English-Chinese dictionary

éng-hâu 應·效· 有·效· effective, efficacious (medicine), effectiveness, efficacy

éng-hêng 永·恆· eternity, eternal

éng-hêng 荣·幸· honored, to have the honor of...

Góa ē-tâng lâi chham-ka chít ẽ hōe, chín ēng-hêng. 我昨晚來參加這個聚會，我很榮幸。 I feel honored to be able to attend this meeting.

éng-hú 應·許· assent, to promise

éng-hían 荣·顯· honor and high position

éng-hióng 永·享· enjoy forever

éng-hióng 影·響· influence, to influence

eng-hióng 英·雄· a hero, a great man

eng-hióng boát-lô 英·雄·木·路· end of a hero

Eng-hióng bù iông-bú chi tê. 英·雄·無·用·之·地· The hero has no chance to use his might. — no opportunity to use one’s talent(s).

eng-hióng-chóng-pài 英·雄·崇·拜· hero worship

eng-hióng-chú-gì 英·雄·主·義· heroism

Eng-hióng i-an-kôe bi-jin-koan. 英·雄·難·過·

Eng-ji 美·人·關· Even a great hero has difficulty getting by a beautiful woman. Many a hero has been conquered by a beautiful woman. (Samson and Deliliah).

éng hiu ré 用·香·點·燃· (iai) censer with burning incense

éng-hôa hú-kûi 荣·華·富·貴· splendor, wealth and honor

éng-hoát 永·罰· eternal punishment (Catholic)

eng-hoe 櫻·花· cherry blossom

éng-hok 永·福· eternal happiness

Eng-hok Gô-toan 荣·福·五·端· Five Glorious Mysteries of the Rosary (Catholic)

Eng-hok-keng 荣·福·經· the Gloria (Catholic)

éng-hù 應·付· cope with, deal with

chûn-pû thang ēng-hù kîn-kîp ē-si 準備來應付緊急之事時 prepare to meet an emergency

Góa be-hiàu ēng-hù gôa-kôk-lăng. 我不來會應付外國人。I cannot take care of a foreign visitor’s needs. (because I don’t understand their language or customs).

bô hoát-tô thang ēng-hù 無·法·應·付· unable to cope with it

éng hù ē chek-jím 應·負·的· 責·任· at· inescapable responsibility

eng-hûn 英·魂· spirits or souls of war dead (honorable)

éng-i 盈·餘· surplus, profit

éng-i 榮·譽· honor, honorary

éng-i chûl-bîn-chêng 奖·譽·市·市民·榮·譽· certificate of honorary citizenship

éng-i hák-ûi 奖·譽·學·位· honorary degree

éng-i hôe-ûi 奖·譽·會·長· honorary chairman

éng-i kun-jên 奖·譽·軍·人· 伺服員 wounded in action

éng-i phok-sû 奖·譽·博·士· honorary doctor (PhD)

eng-ia 墜·挨· dust

éng-iát 永·逃· be at ease and free from trouble forever

éng-iâu 奮·奮· glory, honor, splendor

eng-iông 英·勇· brave, courageous, heroic, gallant

èng-iông 應·用· utilize, make use of, for
Maryknoll Tai-Eng Dictionary

Eng-kok-bun-hak-su

when a mischievous child falls down.)

Chit kù sin-gí góa bò-hiáu ęng-iông. 這裡生長得很茂盛。I cannot
make up a sentence with this vocabulary.

sít-te ęng-iông 實地應用 nutritional application

ęng-iông 营養 nutrition, nourishment

ęng-iông-bún-te 應用問題 an applied question

ęng-iông (tú-lún) butú-lú-hák 應用理論 applied physics

ęng-iông-hák 營養學 dietetics

ęng-iông-hoá-hák (khoá-hák) 應用化學 applied chemistry (science)

ęng-iông-liau-hoat 應用藥法 dietary cure

ęng-iông-phín 應用品 necessities, consumer goods

ęng-iông-phín 營養品 nutrition, nutritious food

ęng-iông put-liông 應用不良 malnutrition, undernutrition

ęng-iông-so 營養素 nutrients (a collective term for protein, carbohydrates, fat, vitamins, and minerals)

ęng-iông-su 營養師 dietician

ęng-jí 嬰兒 baby, infant

ęng-jí-sek 嬰兒室 nursery

ęng-jím 擔任 have the honor of being appointed (to a post)

ęng kah láih sat-bó sio-ká 無所不作事事, 開放得無所顧. Have time to catch lice

and watch them fight each other — don’t know what to do with my leisure

Eng-kai (ęng-kai) 應該 ought, ought to be

Lí ęng-kai (tioh) án-ni chó. 你應該這樣做. You must do it this way

Hui-ki ná kâu-tiám khi-po, chím-má ęng-kai kau chia a. 飛機要起飛, 點燃火焰, 現在在應該到這兒了. The plane ought to be here by now, if it took off at nine. (Note: "ęng-kai" and "tioh" mean the same thing, but "tioh" is used for emphasis.)

Ęng-kai! ęng-kai! 應該! 應該! Serve you right! I told you so! (As

Eng-kang 閒暇 leisure time work, work

that can be done leisurely

U hit ě ęng-kang mā bò hit ě ęng-chi. 有那麼幾個閒暇工夫, 也沒有有那麼幾個閒暇工夫. We have leisure time work but no leisure time money.

Eng-kê 脚架 scaffolding for construction

Eng-kek-lán 英格蘭 England

Eng-kêng-á 空房 room, empty room

Eng-khó 考試 take examinations

Eng-kí líp-toán 當機立斷 make quick decisions as the occasion demands

Eng-kí-sim-hóu 永記心懷 keep something in mind forever

Eng-kí-an 管理 manage or handle the construction of

Eng-kíat 英傑 great man, hero

Eng-kíp 應急 meet an emergency, for use in time of emergency

Eng-kíp cho-hó-si 應急措施 an emergency measure, a temporary expedient

Eng-kíu 永久 permanent, perpetual, eternal, endless, everlasting

Eng-kíu cho-chít 永久組織 permanent organization

Eng-kíu hó-píng 永久和平 everlasting peace

Eng-kíu put-pían 永久不變 eternally unchangeable

Eng-kíu tiong-lip-kok 永久中立國家 country neutral (by policy)

Eng-kng 華光 glory

Eng-ko 鵲鵲 parrot

Eng-kó phí 鶴鶴鼻, 鴿鵲鼻 hooked nose

Eng-kó 永固 permanently fixed

Eng-koan 框冠 crown

Eng-koat 永遠 gone forever — to die

Eng-kóc 前面 formerly, in olden times

Eng-kok 英國 England

Eng-kok-bun-hák 英國文學系 English literature

Eng-kok-bun-hák-hê 英國文學及語言系 Department of English literature

Eng-kok-bun-hák-sú 英國文學及歷史 history of English literature
Eng-kok kau-hoe 英: 國家會 吏, Anglican Church
Eng-kok-lâng 英: 國家人 吏 the English
Eng-kok-lâu 英: 國家製 吕 Made in England
Eng-kok Ông-hui Tâi-an-nâ 英: 國家王妃 黛安, Britain's Princess Diana
Eng-kong 荣光 吕 glory, splendor
Eng-kui 荣歸 吕 retire in glory (said of a high official), return home with honors
Eng-kun 君 吕 British troops
Eng-lâng 間人 吕 idlers, persons with nothing to do, person who has no connection with the affair in hand, by-stander
Eng-lâng biân-chin 間人勿進 吕 out of bounds to non-authorized persons
Eng làng ê fl-piân 給予別的人方便 吕 to help people, to make things easier for people.

Góa cho tài-chi nã é-tàng eng lâng ê fl-piân tô hó. 我做了事, 事情如是, 你給我一個方便, 就好. If what I do helps people or makes things easier for them, that's all I want.

Eng-lêng 英: 靈 吕 noble spirit, souls or spirits of the dead
Eng-lí 英: 士 吕 mile
Eng-lí 吕 利 吕 engage in profit making
Eng-lí-chú-ɡí 吕 利: 主義 吕 commercialism
Eng-lí-su-iáip 吕 利: 事業 吕 profit making enterprise
Eng-liát 英: 烈 吕 heroic, brave, valiant
Eng-lök 應: 諸合 吕 to assent, to consent
Eng-nâ 以往年 吕 in years past.
Eng-oàn (eng-liáu) 用完完, 用完完 吕 all used up, to use up
Eng-oàn 永不遠 吕 forever, eternally, perpetually
Eng-oàn cho-chiôh 永不遠 吕 情, 借 吕 perpetual leasehold
Eng-ōe (hàn-tǎn) 聊話話 吕, 聊話話 吕 idle talk, chat, gossip
Kong eng-ōe 聊話 吕, 聊話 吕 chat, to gossip
Eng-pài 以前, 上次 吕 formerly, last time
Eng-pán 應: 辦 吕 that should be handled (said of tasks, business)
Eng-pàn ê tâi-chi 應: 辦 的事 吕 business that should be handled
Eng-pheng 應: 同 吕 accept an offer of employment

Eng-phông-phông 爲求 吕 滿天飛 吕 dirty and dusty

Kui keng eng-phông-phông, huip-lài chia boh chông siah? 雖是間天滿天飛, 你進來, 這事裡要 做啥子 為啥子? This room is all dirty and dusty, what are you doing coming in here?

Eng-pián 應: 变 吕 adapt oneself to changes, prepare oneself for change

Lim-ki eng-pián 臨機 應: 变 吕 be guided by the turn of events, adapt oneself to circumstance (of the moment)

Eng-piát 永不別 吕 eternal separation — death
Eng-pó chêng-chhun 永保青春 吕 remain youthful forever
Eng-pó thài-phông 永保太平 吕 remain peaceful forever

Eng-pông 英: 錢 吕 British pound, pound sterling

Eng-pông chip-thôan 英: 錢 吕 鐡 吕 sterling block

Eng-pût 永不 吕 will never
Eng-pût hun-fî 永不三分離 吕 never to be separated

Eng-sê 永不 吕 eternity, a whole life time
Eng-sê 永不 未 吕 be gone forever — to die
Eng-seng 永不 吕 eternal life
Eng-seng 永不 吕 express congratulations, best wishes for...

Eng-seng 永生 吕 make a living

Eng-sia* iân-gí 吳 吕 the pleasant effect of a woman's voice (Lit. like an oriole singing and a swallow talking)

Eng-sia* jî khí 應: 聲 吕 起 吕 raise as soon as the voice was heard

Eng-sia* jî tô 應: 聲 吕 倒 吕 dead on the spot at the first shot

Eng-sian-sian 銘銘 吕 entirely at leisure, not a thing to do

Chût ê loh-hô, tak ê làng mā bô khoang-khôe, eng-sian-sian. 一停下, 雨, 每人各 各 各 就好, 休息好. As soon as it begins to rain, no body has any work, not a thing to do.

Eng-sin ( liáng-sin) 聰身 吕 ( 潛身 吕) a person of leisure (rich, elderly, or occupying an honorary position)

Eng-sin su-in 同身 吕 四 吕 qualities of the glorified body (Catholic)
sin-kong 神の光 brightness
sin-sok 神の速さ agility
sin-thâu 神の透き subtility, subtily,
subtlety
sin-kián 神の健よ impassibility
Eng-siök 英の属下 under British administration
Eng-siông (iai-siông) 影像 image, portrait
Eng-sâu 感謝酬答 social intercourse, entertain
(guests)
Eng-sū 間事 matters not of one's concern,
another person's business
Mai koan ōng-sū. 別の間を間事。 Don't meddle in the affairs of others.
Eng-suí put-húi 永年俸禄 be remembered forever by posterity, immortal
Eng-ték 恩敵 respond to an enemy
Eng-teng (Eng-tin) 恩徳 respond to a want
Eng-thò 桃 cherry (fruit)
Eng-tiâu 恩召 respond to a call or
summons
Eng-tiâu 引诱 your promotion (to another place), new appointment, reassignment,
departure, return
Eng-tiâu-châm 恩召站 house for call girls
Eng-tiâu jip-ngo 恩召入伍 be drafted
(for military service)
Eng-tiâu-ti-long 恩召と女郎 a call girl
Eng-tin 恩徵 answer to calls or requests,
to collect taxes
Eng-tit 恩得 deserving, deserved
Eng-tong 恩当 must, ought, should
Eng-tuí 恩對 answer questions
Eng-tuí jú-lín 恩對り如く何 flow, field questions ably
Eng-ū chin-u 恩く恩く恩く Everything necessary is available. — nothing is want-
ing, complete with everything.
Eng-uń 恩く恩く grant, consent, assent